

October 23, 2009

The Honorable Lisa P. Jackson EPA Administrator USEPA Headquarters Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Mail Code:1101A Washington, DC 20460

Re: Regulation of Coal Combustion By-Products

Dear Ms. Jackson:

The Texas Aggregates and Concrete Association (TACA) would like to express our concern regarding a potential Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ruling that would create a regulation of fly ash as a hazardous waste material. As the statewide trade association that represents approximately 85% of the aggregate, 85% of the ready mixed concrete, and 100% of the cement produced in Texas, the members of our association have an acute interest in the promulgation of such a rule.

As you are aware, the EPA determined in 1993 and 2000 that fly ash (a coal combustion product) does not warrant regulation as a waste material. Since those determinations, all segments of the concrete industry have benefited in terms of producing high quality, increased durability, and more environmentally friendly concrete. Consumers and users have enjoyed lower up-front costs to purchase and use concrete, as well as reduced maintenance and warranty issues because of improved concrete performance.

Moreover, fly ash is recognized in the U.S. Green Building Council's LEED system as a post-industrial recycled material. The use of fly ash in concrete enhances the recycled material content of a building and is recognized as a beneficial strategy for CO₂ reduction. Strategically, the effective elimination of fly ash in concrete would be a step backward in the nation's efforts to provide a more sustainable infrastructure.

Page Two The Honorable Lisa P. Jackson October 23, 2009

It is our understanding that the EPA is giving consideration to regulating fly ash under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) or under Subtitle D of RCRA and is also evaluating whether to require closure of all active surface impoundments managing this type of material. Given these two options, TACA contends that the best management alternative for regulating fly ash would be under Subtitle D of RCRA.

Most states, including Texas, have developed programs that successfully regulate the management and disposal of fly ash. As stated earlier, on May 22, 2000 EPA issued a determination that state regulatory programs were adequate to ensure proper management and disposal of fly ash. In addition, as recently as 2005 the EPA and the U.S. Department of Energy determined that such state regulatory programs have become even more stringent. TACA strongly believes that the regulatory program effective in Texas will provide that fly ash is managed and disposed in a manner that is protective of public health and the environment.

In summary, TACA respectfully requests that the EPA not provide regulations that would eliminate or reduce the environmental and material benefits of fly ash used in concrete when addressing the impoundment requirements for this material, nor restrict our ability to make effective and safe use of this industrial by-product. TACA suggests that a national enforcement program for fly ash impoundment be developed to strengthen the current regulations and reduce the likelihood of another catastrophic release. It is TACA's strongest contention that rules to this effect can be successfully promulgated without regulating fly ash under Subtitle C of RCRA, which would consequently label this by-product as a hazardous waste.

Thank you for your consideration of this letter. If I can be of any further service to you or answer questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at 512.451.5100 or via email to stewartm@tx-taca.org.

With warmest regards, I remain

Sincerely,

Michael K. Stewart President & CEO

cc: President Barack Obama

Page Three The Honorable Lisa P. Jackson October 23, 2009

> Vice President Joe Biden Senator John Cornyn Senator Kay Bailey Hutchison Texas Congressional Delegation EPA Deputy Administrator, Scott C. Fulton EPA Regional Administrator, Region 6, Larry Starfield Texas Governor Rick Perry Texas Lieutenant Governor David Dewhurst Texas Attorney General Gregg Abbott Chairman, Texas Railroad Commission, Michael Williams Texas Railroad Commissioner Victor Carrillo Texas Railroad Commissioner Elizabeth Ames Jones Chairman, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Buddy Garcia Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Commissioner Dr. Bryan Shaw Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Commissioner Larry Ross Soward Executive Director, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Mark Vickery